

CLEVELAND AND GRAY,

Is What the Outcome of the Chicago Convention Will Be.

THE INDIANIAN HAS BEEN TAKEN IN

And Will Fill the Second Place on the Ticket.

THE NEW YORKERS STILL SHOW FIGHT.

Though the Prospect Is Blue for Them and Their Allies, One by One, Have Dropped Out of the Race.



SPECIAL CHICAGO WIRE TO THE CONSTITUTION.
THE CONSTITUTION HEADQUARTERS,
Palmer House, Chicago, June 20.

Chicago, June 20.—It appears now that the unprecedented example of selecting a presidential candidate over the protest of the delegation of his own state will be set by this convention.

Cleveland for president, and Gray, of Indiana, for vice president, seems to be the result of the forces now in operation, and it does not take a prophet to predict the nomination of that ticket.

That Ticket Is Now Assured.

Indeed, it is in the air. At every turn it confronts you. It has seized the hotels, taken possession of the streets and is everywhere.

The Cleveland New Yorkers are intensely enthusiastic in their assurance that he can carry that state, and the great mass of free humanity, which has been all day lifting itself to the topmost pinnacle of the precipice of enthusiasm, evidently vastly prefers to believe the assuring Syracuseans than it does the less hopeful expression of the regulars.

Gorman will not enter the race, and Boies cannot concentrate the Cleveland opposition.

Gray Has Been Concocted.

Gray has been led on the mountain and when the dazzling sun of the vice presidency gleamed into his eyes he simply closed them and fell upon his knees a captive.

The convention meets tomorrow and it may reach a ballot as early as Wednesday, but it seems now that time will play no part in shaping the result of the convention.

CLARK HOWELL.

GORMAN KEEPS OUT.

New York Does Not Want the Ex-President but Dark Horses Are Shy.

Special Chicago Wire to The Constitution.

Chicago, Ill., June 20.—This has been a day of the most intense excitement. Nothing like it has ever occurred since the organization of our government and there will perhaps never be another to equal it. In the first place it is estimated that a hundred thousand demonstrators from distant states are here parading, yelling and working for their favorites. Hundreds of democratic clubs with flaming banners and brass bands are parading the streets. Two thousand Tammany braves with the largest and finest of American bands are marching like regulars and shouting for Hill. Perhaps 5,000 from all parts of the country are marching behind bands, yelling for Cleveland, and 3,000 are marching to Boies music. The Gorman people to the number of several thousands had prepared for a parade with fireworks accompaniments, but it has been called off on account of the change in the situation.

Last night the tide began flowing to Gorman. It looked like Gorman's chances of defeating Mr. Cleveland were excellent. His friends, among whom were included a dozen United States senators, held a conference this morning and

for him to carry New York. They seem to be honest in their belief, and have some hopes yet that the convention will consider the matter conservatively, and stop the stampede which is now undoubtedly on.

Opposition Unorganized.

The fight has been a hard and earnest one. Many of the members of the opposition to Cleveland, including such men as Senators Carlisle, Ransom, Jones, of Arkansas, and others, are personally acquainted and are friends of the ex-president. They have not fought him because they would not perhaps prefer to see him president to any other man the party could nominate, but because they entertain a sincere conviction that he cannot be elected. They do not believe that he can carry New York, Indiana or Connecticut. They have believed that the wishes and advice of the organized democracy of New York should be respected, and therefore, they have opposed the nomination of Mr. Cleveland, and have worked as earnestly as they knew how to prevent it. They have not succeeded, because the opposition has been without organization, with the exception of the New York people. While the New Yorkers are for Hill, and have been working for him, they have all along stated that if the opposition Cleveland did not want their candidate they would go to any other with a clear, clean record. One trouble has been that the friends of the outside candidates will not get another. Indeed, there has been rather a good deal of selfishness about the entire contest. The friends of the outside candidates, especially the westerners, want their man or Cleveland. Otherwise, while the opposition have all along had the power to defeat Mr. Cleveland by a combination, and yet have that will not come together upon any one man. The chances are that they will never get together, and, of course, unless they do, there is no chance of defeating the nomination of Cleveland. There are a few who claim they will get together, and there are a great many who decline to express any opinion tonight, but it is not possible, but not probable. Still no one can tell what twelve hours will bring forth in a political nomination.

E. W. BARRETT.

SHEEHAN DOES NOT GIVE UP.

He Intimates That Surprising Developments Will Come Today.

Special Chicago Wire to The Constitution.

Chicago, June 20.—At eleven o'clock tonight all the anti-Cleveland people, except the Tammanyites, acknowledge they are defeated. Senator Carlisle, Senator Gorman and Mr. Boies have said they considered the contest at an end. Lieutenant Governor Sheehan, of New York, has just said: "These other people may have given it up, but New York has not and will not. I believe we can defeat Mr. Cleveland yet. We will manage the campaign now and you will see some developments tomorrow."

It is not the policy of the New Yorkers to give up the fight, but their chances of success are slim.

E. W. BARRETT.

CLEVELAND AND GRAY

Is the Ticket Which the New York World Believes Inevitable.

Special Chicago Wire to The Constitution.

Chicago, June 20.—It looks like Cleveland and Gray.

Of Cleveland's nomination on the first ballot there is even less doubt now than when it was first predicted in these dispatches last Saturday.

A careful poll of the states, taken by over a hundred delegates now in session in Whitney's room, shows a total of over six hundred pledged for the ex-president. He will get the solid delegations of both Illinois and Indiana.

The Vote May Be Solid.

It is more than possible that he will receive the entire vote of Ohio, Maryland and Kentucky. Nothing is left of the opposition, except New York, Iowa and a few scattering irreconcilables.

As far as the first place is concerned, all is over, except the shouting. Nobody understands this more thoroughly than the Hill managers. The captain, Maryland and Kentucky, still declaring vigorously that Cleveland cannot be nominated, but Murphy and Croker know better.

I had a long talk with each of them this evening. Neither will admit, in so many words, for publication, that their cause is lost. It is not necessary. The truth is, only too obvious. Both certain and certain. A number of prominent anti-Cleveland men—Gorman especially—who yielded to public opinion, and were swept along with the tide. Croker carefully avoids any appearance of vindictiveness, but he is peculiarly earnest in questioning the expediency of Cleveland's nomination.

What Croker Says

He closed a very interesting discourse upon the situation in New York with the grim suggestion that Tammany and its friends admit the Syracuse delegates and put Grace in charge of the canvass. A man who could work so hard for a nomination, he thought, ought to be quite as effective in receiving an election. But despite his mannerly disgust, Mr. Croker did not lose his temper.

"I have no objection to Mr. Cleveland, personally," said he, "and when it comes to charges of treachery I want to say that I don't know what treachery means. Tammany hall is for the nominee of the convention always, but it is true, whether believed or not, that the mugsy makes it very difficult for us to get all the votes we ought to poll. We admit that we are human, and the constant reference to Tammany criminals naturally creates some little resentment. But we are democrats, first, last and all the time; and if Mr. Cleveland is nominated he will receive our best support. I only hope that he may obtain as faithful service throughout the state as he will in the city—always provided, of course, that he be nominated, which I am not yet prepared to admit."

THE NEW YORK WORLD.

IOWA IS VEERING TO CLEVELAND.

The Friends of Candidate Boies Are Coming to the Line.

Chicago, June 20.—In the Iowa delegation the landslide towards Cleveland has been carefully marked and noted. Said Judge Spear, of Nebraska:

"Iowa wants Boies, and may get him. But it is difficult for us to get all the votes we ought to poll. We admit that we are human, and the constant reference to Tammany criminals naturally creates some little resentment. But we are democrats, first, last and all the time; and if Mr. Cleveland is nominated he will receive our best support. I only hope that he may obtain as faithful service throughout the state as he will in the city—always provided, of course, that he be nominated, which I am not yet prepared to admit."

THE NEW YORK WORLD.

HOKE SMITH'S FALL.

Clark Howell Runs Him Out of the Race

FOR NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN.

Smith Claimed That He Was the "Logical" Candidate, BUT THE DELEGATES THOUGHT NOT, And Unanimously Elected Hon. Clark Howell to Represent Georgia in the Councils of the Democracy.

Special Chicago Wire to The Constitution.

Chicago, Ill., June 20.—The Georgia delegation met this morning at 9 o'clock, and the most interesting work of its proceedings was the selection of the national democratic committeeman for Georgia for the next four years.

Clark Howell was elected by the unanimous vote of the delegation, after a most spirited campaign, which began after the meeting of the state democratic convention held in Atlanta on May the 18th. This opposition has been led by Mr. Hoke Smith, and nothing has been left undone to accomplish the first purpose of his campaign, to elect himself, and after that to elect anybody to defeat Mr. Howell.

Hoke Smith's Candidacy.

Immediately after the state convention, Mr. Smith announced himself as a candidate for the position, and letters were written either by himself or those interested in him, to the members of the delegation in his behalf, in which it was argued that his selection would be the logical sequence of the work of the convention, a majority of which had been for Cleveland.

Mr. Smith's bold claim that he had run everything to suit himself, and that the victory had been a personal one, does not seem to bear the test of today's action of the Georgia delegation.

Clark Howell Meets Him.

As soon as Mr. Smith announced for the position, Mr. Howell did likewise. An active campaign at once begun, and in less than ten days the latter had eighteen assurances of support out of the twenty-six votes of the Georgia delegation. The matter was kept quiet, and the campaign was conducted without getting into the newspapers, being more or less in the nature of a personal issue.

Smith Files the Field.

When Mr. Smith found that he could not be elected, he at once set to work to accomplish Mr. Howell's defeat. A conference was held in Atlanta two days before the delegation left for Chicago, at which it was agreed to endeavor to get Colonel Rufus E. Lester into the race on the ground that he could carry the Savannah delegates, who would not vote for Mr. Smith against Mr. Howell, though they were Cleveland men, but would support a Savannah man. This plan did not materialize, and the effort to defeat Mr. Howell appearing to be futile, Mr. Smith left Atlanta for Chicago a day in advance of the time he had set for the Georgia delegation to dine with him at the Capital City Club in Atlanta by special invitation to each member.

Smith Lays Another Trap.

After the delegation reached Chicago, and agreed to a caucus this morning at 9 o'clock, it was confronted with a proposition that it should not select the national committeeman until after the convention had nominated its candidate for president. This was advanced in the hope that the enthusiasm of Cleveland's probable nomination would have the effect of changing the determination of the Georgia delegation to elect Mr. Howell.

But Is Tripped Up Again.

A motion was accordingly made at this morning's meeting, but it was promptly tabled, and the opposition having been overcome, Mr. Howell received the unanimous nomination as committeeman for the next four years.

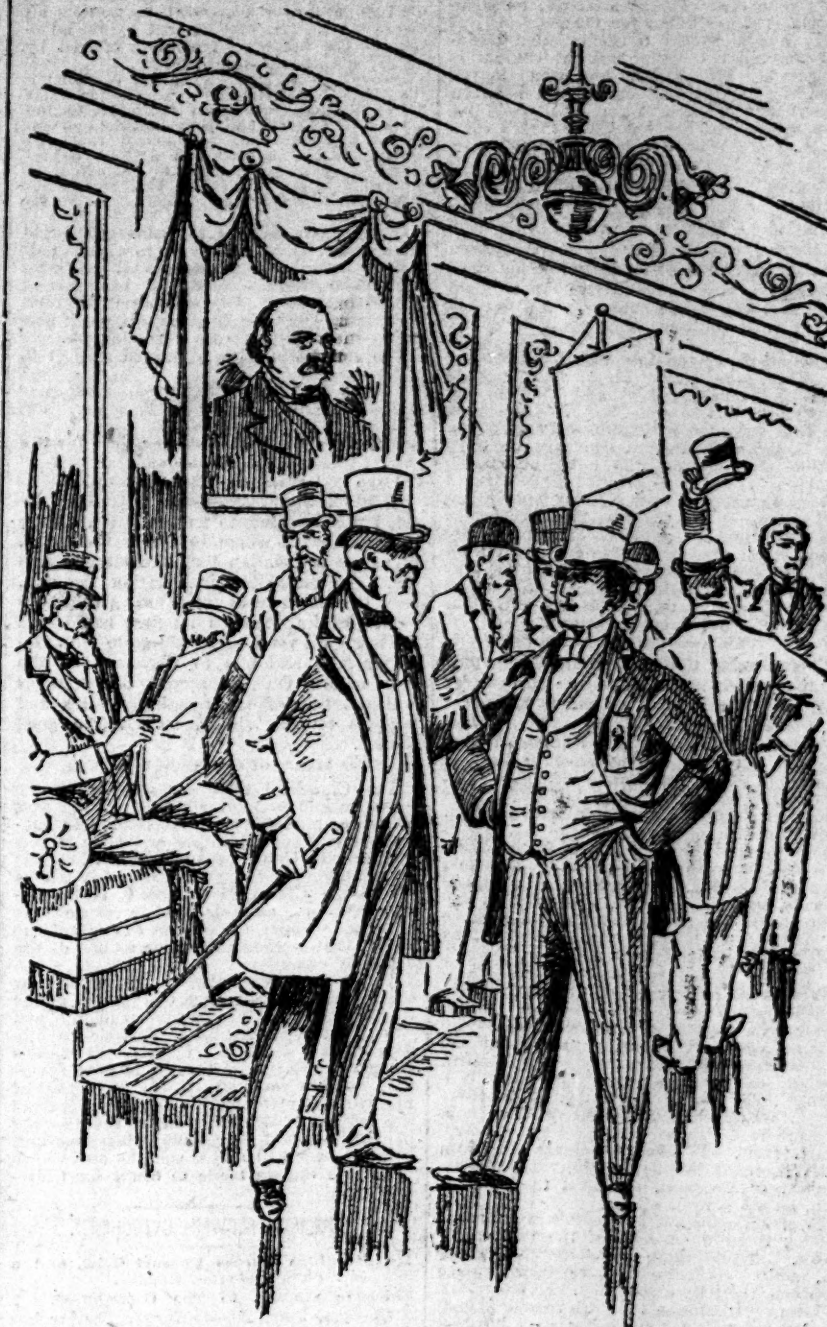
Another Dogtail for Smith.

Colonel George A. Mercer, of Savannah, was selected to fill Colonel Estill's unexpired term, the latter having resigned on account of bad health. This selection was also surprising, as Mr. Smith announced that he would represent Georgia at today's meeting of the national committee by authority of proxy, which, of course, was nullified by the delegation filling the place.

At the meeting of the delegation Mr. Smith was present with the credentials of appointment by Hon. W. Y. Atkinson, chairman of the Georgia democratic state committee, to the vacancy caused by Estill's withdrawal and Lester's refusal to serve. Had the national committee met before the Georgia delegation caucused, this would have been the necessary credentials for representation, but the Georgia delegation decided to make its own choice and asked Colonel George A. Mercer to serve for the unexpired term.

Smith's Unruly Boasting.

An amusing feature of the day's developments is a published interview with Mr. Smith, in which he states that he withdrew his opposition and allowed Mr. Howell to be elected in the interest of harmony. The newspapers here have gossipy stories about the action of the



EVERYTHING SEEMINGLY SERENE AT CLEVELAND HEADQUARTERS.

delation, and it is the talk of the Georgia contingent now in Chicago.

The Other Selections.

Hon. Fleming duBignon was selected as chairman of the Georgia delegation.

Hon. J. M. Griggs was recommended for the vice presidency of the national convention from Georgia.

Hon. Louis F. Garrard was proposed for the committee on platform.

Hon. Henry Richardson on credentials.

Hon. John Triplett on notification to the nominee.

Hon. William Clifton on temporary organization.

The actions of the delegation were harmonious, and now that it has finished its preliminary work, it has turned its attention to studying the situation. E. W. B.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

Chicago, June 20.—The most interesting development in the work of the state delegations today was a surprise brought about by the announcement that Clark Howell, of the Atlanta Constitution, has been chosen, by the unanimous vote of the state delegation, as national committeeman for the next four years, after a vigorous fight by Hoke Smith, who was a candidate on what he urged as the Cleveland issue.

When the Georgia convention of May 18th, went for Cleveland by a close vote, Smith began an active fight for the position of national committeeman. This fight he continued until it was evident that Howell would defeat him. Then he urged several other names, but the effort being futile, he withdrew and left a walk-over to Howell.

Smith's Grandiose Magnanimity.

In the light of the above developments, it will be curious reading to scan the interview which Hoke Smith furnished the Associated Press Sunday night. After the statement that he is "the recognized leader of Cleveland's forces in Georgia," the Associated Press goes on to quote the aforesaid "leader."

"Indeed," he remarked, "I would not be surprised if he (Cleveland) received nearly all, as it is likely that WE will conciliate the anti-Cleveland people by making Hon. Clark Howell, editor of The Atlanta Constitution, national committeeman of the state of Georgia. Howell and his friends have been leaders of the Hill movement in that state, and I think they will be disposed to let the majority rule and the delegation act as a unit if we concede Howell's selection as national committeeman."

THE DAY BEFORE.

The Claims Made by the Opposing Forces in the Fight.

Chicago Telegram to The Constitution.

Chicago, June 20.—The extravagant claims and pretensions estimates which have characterized the campaign of the Cleveland and anti-Cleveland factions during the past week are gradually giving way to facts and figures.

Delegates from every state and territory are in the city this morning, and the work of ascertaining the presidential preferences of the individual delegates is progressing rapidly, and the relative strength of the Cleveland and anti-Cleveland factions is so nearly known that the only element of doubt now remaining affects those states which are suspected of having secret preferences for favorites.

The managers of the ex-president's campaign this morning display, with a great deal of ostentation, a carefully prepared table which gives Cleveland 680 votes on the first ballot, just nineteen votes short of the two-thirds necessary for the nomination.

The anti-Cleveland factions, among which may not only be included the forces of Senator Hill, but also those of Boies, Gray and

the secret but very earnest workers of Senator Gorman, decide as unreasonably extravagant these figures of the Cleveland leaders, and assert that their investigations show that the ex-president is assured of but little over a majority on the first ballot.

They still maintain that the failure of Cleveland to be nominated on the first ballot will so demoralize his forces that rapid disintegration of Cleveland's strength will immediately follow, and the race will then become one of "dark horses."

THE GORMAN BOOM.

It Is Regarded as an Uncertain Element.

Chicago Telegram to The Constitution.

Chicago, June 20.—Probably the most uncertain feature in the whole contest just at this time is the attitude of Senator Gorman, of Maryland. He is here as a leader of the state delegation, as delegate at large, and outwardly maintains that he is devoted to the candidacy of Cleveland, but despite this assertion his name is more discussed than any other as a compromise candidate, around whom must rally all the factions and scattering delegations opposed to the nomination of the ex-president.

For seventy-two hours secret emissaries of Gorman have been ceaselessly engaged canvassing in the various southern delegations to ascertain the disposition which the southern people manifest toward Gorman as a compromise candidate, and to rally all the factions and scattering delegations opposed to the nomination of the ex-president.

For this reason, the senator's reiteration of his loyalty to Cleveland, and his declaration that he is not a candidate, are not received with that unquestioned credence which might be awarded to the declaration of the great Maryland senator upon nearly any other subject; and so it is that the man who is the cynosure of all eyes, and whose movements are eagerly watched to-day by the leaders of the Cleveland forces is the senator from the Terrapin State. Three or four conferences of the Indiana delegation have been held, but they have been fruitless to secure a compromise by which the vote may be cast as a unit. The indications are that on the first ballot seventeen votes will be cast for Gray.

WILL VOTE FOR CLEVELAND.

The Pennsylvania Delegation So Decides on Yesterday.

Chicago Telegram to The Constitution.

Chicago, June 20.—The Pennsylvania delegation today adopted a resolution instructing its chairman to cast the whole vote of the delegation for Cleveland, until he is nominated, or until otherwise instructed. The vote stood 58 to 4. Ex-Senator Wallace was one of the four.

THE TEMPORARY ORGANIZATION

Will Bring on the First Contest of Strength in the Convention.

Chicago Telegram to The Constitution.

Chicago, June 20.—To the anti-Cleveland forces belong the first honors of war in the contest for the control of the democratic national convention.

The national committee at its meeting

this afternoon decided by a vote of 28 to 20 to present the name of Henry Watterson as candidate for Governor of Kentucky, as temporary chairman of the convention.

The Cleveland people will brook the defeat and will carry the contest on to the floor of the convention immediately after the convention is called to order, unless they abandon their present intention. This will develop, though not perfectly, the strength of each side in the convention, and will show the utmost strength of the opposition to Cleveland and probably something in excess of that strength, as some Cleveland states voted for Owens.

The announcement of the intention to contest was made in the national committee immediately after Owens had been elected to the chair of the roll between himself and William L. Wilson, tariff reform member of the ways and means committee, from West Virginia.

The fight was carried on. The fight for the control of temporary organization has been going on quietly since Friday night, little of what was being done coming to the surface. Mr. Watterson entered into the fight on behalf of the national committee, and the national committee carried before it was decided by the subcommittee to "suggest" Owens's name.

The death of the late Senator Barbour, of Virginia, left the subcommittee with only four members and early in the proceedings it was a tie. This was the first time the subcommittee was split when the Cleveland managers conveyed the information that Owens was not acceptable to them.

An adjournment over Sunday was taken and it was in this interval that Watterson went to work to seat his young Kentucky friend in the presidential office. Watterson said of this campaign, "I am not a man who has all right, and Mr. Watterson has not hesitated to express his conviction that Owens would be elected."

The subcommittee met, pursuant to order, and at once decided in favor of Mr. Owens, and agreed unanimously to report his name to the full national committee. Some of the Cleveland managers were in favor of the subcommittee's decision, but Mr. Watterson, of Pennsylvania, and Senator Vilas, of Wisconsin, were not. Mr. Watterson said that he would make a fight on the issue of the subcommittee's decision, and that he would make a fight on the issue of the subcommittee's decision, and that he would make a fight on the issue of the subcommittee's decision.

It was 12 o'clock when Chairman Brice called the national committee to order. After some preliminary business, the subcommittee on temporary organization, nominated for temporary chairman William C. Owens, of Kentucky. This nomination was seconded by Henry Watterson and others.

Mr. Holt, of Texas, nominated William L. Wilson, of Vermont, seconded the nomination, as did several others. Brief complimentary speeches were made for the merits of the two candidates.

While these speeches were going on, active conferences were taking place between the Cleveland men. Mr. Watterson, who had been in the Cleveland headquarters for the time being and heard around the outside of the national committee room headquarters. He held a conference with Watterson and other committee members, whom he had called out of the meeting room.

Vilas, of Wisconsin, also came around to see how the thing was going on. They would say nothing of their purposes, but apparently wanted some assurance of what nature could be learned from Watterson and Gorman.

Trying to trap Gorman. It was said that one thing they were endeavoring to secure was a public declaration from Gorman that he would not be a candidate. Evidently the assurance wanted was not given, for Owens's selection was vigorously opposed, but when the roll was called it was found that the man had 28 votes for Wilson. The vote in detail by states was as follows:

In favor of Owens—Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Alaska and Oklahoma.

Delaware and South Carolina were temporarily absent when the roll was called and did not vote. After the announcement was made a motion was entered to make Owens's selection unanimous, but Mr. Holt, of Texas, gave notice that he would present a minority report to the convention.

Whether or not the Cleveland men will make a square test of strength in the convention and all of them support Holt on a motion to adopt the minority report remains to be seen.

THE VOTE ANALYZED.

Owens Was Supported by Many Warm Cleveland Delegates. Chicago Telegram to The Constitution. Chicago, June 20.—An analysis of the vote in the committee shows that it was not a square alignment of the opposing forces on the presidential question. All the states voting for Wilson seem to be states in which the Cleveland sentiment is preponderant, unless it is Mississippi, but in the list of Mr. Owens's supporters are to be found several states of whose doubt to Cleveland interest can be no doubt. Thus Michigan, instructed to vote for him as a unit, favored the adoption of the subcommittee's report, as did Massachusetts, which while it did not instruct for Cleveland, because of state custom, warmly commended him. Illinois, which is usually classed for Cleveland, voted for Owens, and so did Indiana. Tennessee and Kentucky, which are a Cleveland state, though its committee member, Mr. Sewell, is doubtful of Cleveland's availability as a winner in New York state.

Other business was transacted as follows: H. C. Oliver, of Arizona, Senator George Gray, the proxy of John H. Rodney, of Wilmington, Del.; Mr. Mercer was presented in place of John H. Bestell, of Savannah, Ga.; E. W. Heine, the proxy of J. W. Jones, of Idaho; P. J. Dunn, the proxy of R. P. Keating, of Nevada; Fred V. Holman, the proxy of A. N. Oltner, of Oregon; ex-Gov. Service, of Tennessee; S. P. Thomson, the proxy of John C. Haskell, of South Carolina, and C. W. Griggs, the proxy of J. A. Kuehne, of Washington. Two members of the committee, Barbour, of Virginia, and Broadwater, of Montana, had died during the year, and in their place as new members of the national committee were Basil B. Gordon and Martin McInnis, respectively. Alaska was admitted to membership in the national committee for the first time. A. K. Delaney being its representative. The other states and territories were represented by the regular committeemen.

The arrangements for the convention. The committee then heard, for the first time officially, the arrangements for the holding of a convention. Chairman Brice made a verbal report of what the committee of seven appointed to arrange for the convention had done. The report was satisfactory and the wigwag was accepted. The delegation from Indian Territory was given tickets entitling them to seats on the floor of the convention. S. P. Sherman, national committeeman from Indiana, and secretary of the committee, it was agreed, should be recommended as secretary of the temporary organization, and he was given authority to appoint ten assistants.

Colonel Richard J. Bright, also an Indiana man, was chosen sergeant-at-arms, and given power to appoint the necessary subordinates. Edward B. Dickinson, of New York, was appointed official stenographer.

TWO HONORARY STATES

Which Claim That They Should Have Six Delegates Each.

Chicago Telegram to The Constitution. Chicago, June 20.—New Mexico was then on deck seeking six delegates instead of two, and she succeeded in getting all she wanted. It was secured by the adoption of the following resolution offered by Mr. Field, of Albuquerque:

Resolved, That this committee, disclaiming the right to dictate to the convention what action it shall take with reference to the claims of Arizona and New Mexico to additional representation, recommend that the claims of New Mexico and Arizona be recognized by the convention with the extent of admission to the convention with representation equal to the representation of the smallest state.

If this goes through the convention—and there seems to be no reason to expect that it will not—the four provisional delegates of each territory elected will have places in the convention. This will swell the total number up to 904 and make 924 votes necessary in order to secure a nomination. The committee then adjourned subject to call.

WILL GO TO BOIES.

South Carolina Will Cast Her Vote for the Iowa Governor.

Chicago Telegram to The Constitution. Chicago, June 20.—South Carolina decided this morning to go for Boies, as the best man with whom to defeat Cleveland, to whose nomination they are bitterly hostile. The delegation met during the day and agreed upon to give Boies twelve of its votes on its first ballot. Of the other six votes three will go to Hill, two to Gorman and one to Cleveland on the first ballot. On the second ballot Boies will get five of the remaining votes and perhaps all six, should he stand a good chance.

The work of the Cleveland men. The Cleveland men are straining every nerve to add to their strength on the first ballot, and wherever it is possible to consolidate a state delegation and have it present a solid front they are doing it. Their greatest work is being exerted in delegations where the Cleveland sentiment is preponderant. A great deal of pressure is being put on Gorman to prevent the use of that gentleman's name as one of the opposing candidates.

Today they employed every means at their command to induce Gorman in public to announce that he was no candidate and would not enter the field. Senator Carlisle was less than forthcoming. He said that he was a solid front and would not be swayed by the Cleveland men.

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democracy of the United States, are constrained to make answer that in our best judgment Cleveland's nomination would imperil the success of the party, and would expose it to the loss of the electoral vote of the state.

"EDWARD MURPHY, JR., Chairman.

"CHARLES S. DEFREEST, Sec'y."

The California delegation makes the following statement:

"California will vote as a unit, and will vote for Cleveland on the first ballot. If anything should happen to prevent Cleveland's nomination the delegates of California have resolved to switch their strength to William C. Whitney, of New York, believing that he is the man next to Cleveland who can carry the state of New York and the United States."

The Gorman Talk. The Gorman matter was taken up and one of the gentlemen present said he had assurance that Gorman was not a candidate from the senator himself.

"It is even said that Gorman is willing to nominate Cleveland, or to second his nomination. I understand that Gorman has said this to one of the members of the Nebraska delegation, in which he certainly can have three or four votes; and I am told that he had advised his Nebraska friends not to vote."

"What did he say to you?" the informant was asked.

"Nothing further than that talk about his candidacy was something he had had nothing to do, and that when the time came for him to prove his loyalty to Grover Cleveland he would not be found wanting."

Another of the officers who had been asked had in his hand what he said was an anti-Cleveland poll, as read at the silver meeting at the Marlborough. It was a list of the names of the delegates in the convention against Cleveland if Gray and Gorman could be kept in the field. The fact that Cleveland had been asked to withdraw his name, and that he had refused to do so, was also mentioned.

"I have just left Voorhees," said Taggart, "and we have talked over the whole situation. He is convinced that it would not be friendly to induce Gray's name, and I think he has made up his mind to advise the governor to that effect. He is, as you know, a consummate politician, and he has examined the situation here so carefully that there are few men on the ground who know as well as he does just how the convention is tending. He sees that it is Cleveland, and nobody but Cleveland, and naturally does not wish to sacrifice his friend. He told me as much, though not in these words. Senator Voorhees left on my mind a strong impression that the Gray men had decided to cast their votes for Cleveland, and that they would advise the governor to that effect. He is, as you know, a consummate politician, and he has examined the situation here so carefully that there are few men on the ground who know as well as he does just how the convention is tending. 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ARRANGES

Tired of Wedded

SINGLE AGAIN.

Marshall Clarke's
Case of Keph-
er Case Suits.Marshall Clarke's
the trial of divorceCourt assembled pre-
group of plaintiffs
husbands with ne-
gatives preferring
their wives.abandonment and
marital each made
tious under which
and every phase of
represented in the
are.set for a hearing
A few of them
plaintiffs are suing
greater number
and the plaintiffs
the first time the ab-
sion.Divorced.
domestic unpleasant-
Rev. T. E. Mo-
Mrs. Lulu B.
tion that was read
the couple was mar-
region of Kentucky,
the bride who sur-
young preacher was
They lived to-
happily and their
greater number
assess their union as
ties, however, com-
a short while, and
suffered with the
in the little home,
cher grew tired of
up his mind to peti-
tion.The president says that it is not for this
ment to argue against this announce-
ment of Canadian official opinion. "It
must be accepted, however, I think, as
a statement of the condition of the
unbearable barrier in the way of the at-
tainment of that large and beneficial intercourse
and reciprocal trade which might otherwise
be developed between the United States and
the Dominion." From documents accompa-
nying the president's letter it appears that
an effort was made by Blaine and Foster,
at the recent conference, to induce the Cana-
dian ministry to repeal and abandon the
drawback of 18 cents a ton given to wheat,
(grain) that is carried through Canadian canals
to Montreal and shipped therefrom to Amer-
ica. By American railways running
from Ogdensburg and Oswego and other
American ports shippers paid full 20 cents
a ton, while in wheat those by the Cana-
dian route paid only 2 cents. It was understood
that the Canadian ministers, who were all
three members of the cabinet, would see
to the withdrawal of this discrimination
instead of abrogating this drawback the
Canadian ministry, after the return of the
commissioners from their visit to Washing-
ton on April 24th, refused to accept any com-
munication with this government, an or-
der continuing the discrimination, by which
the rebate of 18 cents a ton is allowed upon
grain going to Montreal, and refusing this rebate even
to grain going to Montreal, if
transhipped at an American port.The president is adopting the language
of the solicitor of the treasury department
upon this action of Canada, says that these
orders as to canal tolls and rebates in di-
rect violation of article 27 of the treaty of
1817, seems to be clear. It is wholly eva-
sive to say that there is no discrimination
between Canada and American vessels;
that rebate is carried through to Montreal
or transhipped at a Canadian port to Mon-
treal. The treaty runs to "several ports"
of the United States the use of the
Welland, St. Lawrence and other canals
in the Dominion on terms of equality with
the inhabitants of the Dominion. It was
intended to give consumers in the United
States, to our people engaged in railroad
transportation and to those exporting from
our ports equal terms in shipping goods
through the canal. This absolute
equality of treatment was a considera-
tion for concessions on the part of this gov-
ernment made in the same article fully kept.
It is a matter of regret that the Canadian
government has not responded promptly to
our request for the removal of these dis-
criminating tolls. The papers submitted
show how serious the loss inflicted is upon
our lake vessels and upon some of our lake
ports. In view of the fact that the Cana-
dian commissioners will contest with the
United States the claim that these tolls are
discriminating and insist that they constitute
no violation of the letter or spirit of
article 27 of the treaty, it would seem ap-
propriate that congress, if the view held
by the executive is approved, should with
deliberation and yet with promptness take
such steps as may be necessary to secure
the just rights of our citizens.In view of the delays which have al-
ready taken place in transmitting this to con-
gress I have not felt justified in awaiting fur-
ther communication from the govern-
ment of Canada, which was suggested in
the recent conference. Should any propo-
sition relating to this matter be received, it
will be immediately submitted for the con-
sideration of the senate; and if forwarded
within the time suggested will undoubtedly
anticipate any final action of congress.
Voluminous documents accompanying the
president's letter compose the history of all
negotiations with the British colonies to
the northward of the United States—
reciprocity and canal tolls.CALL ADDRESSES THE SENATE
On His Bill Calling for an Investigation of
Railroad Interference.
Washington, June 20.—The senate was in
session for four and a quarter hours today.
Although the attendance was without excep-
tion the time was given to the consideration
of bills on the calendar, a part to executive
business and the chair called to a special order.
Mr. Call in support of the resolution hereto-
fore offered by him for an investigation of
railroad corporations and their interference
in politics and elections. Senators Chandler
and Gallinger expressed their gratification
that the investigation, if authorized at all,
as they hoped it would be, would take in the
state of New Hampshire, the former asserting
that it would prove that Florida was not
only state where the evil existed,
and the latter expressing the conviction that
it would only prove the falsity of representa-
tions made by certain persons in that
regard. No action was taken on the resolu-
tion and the senate adjourned to Wednesday.In the business transacted that was of gen-
eral interest was the concurrence in the house
amendment to the senate joint resolution au-
thorizing the president to proclaim a general
holiday commemorating the four-hundredth
anniversary of the discovery of America.
It was to substitute the 21st for the 12th of
October.Attacked by Robbers.
Birmingham, Ala., June 20.—(Special.)—
Robbers attacked the office at nine
tonight and murdered the bookkeeper, A. H.
Ross. They shot at the proprietor, but he
escaped through the back door. The robbers
took four or five in number, and came up
while the men were quietly at work. It is not
known how much they secured, but a deputy
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WE WILL RETALIATE

On Account of Discrimination Made

AGAINST GRAIN FROM THIS SIDE.

President Harrison Suggests This
Course to Congress.

FAILURE OF THE RECENT CONFERENCE.

Canada Does Not Propose to Deal Fairly
With the United States—And We
Must Meet Their Game.Washington, June 20.—In a state paper
sent to the senate today an answer to the
resolution of February 24th last calling for
information relative to reciprocity negotia-
tions with Canada, the president sounds
the death knell of that project and plants
a mile post in American history by delib-
erately in effect recommending that congress
proceed to retaliate upon the Dominion for
its persistent denial of the rights of
American citizens, guaranteed by the treaty
of Washington in connection with the na-
vigation of Canadian canals. The failure
of the reciprocity negotiations is due to
the position taken by the Canadian repre-
sentatives at their recent conference in
Washington with Secretary Blaine and John
W. Foster, which, in effect, was that it
could be "impossible for the Canadian
government, in view of its present political
relations and obligations, to extend to
American goods preferential treatment over
those of other countries. As Canada was
past of the British empire they did not con-
sider it competent for the Dominion govern-
ment to enter into any commercial arrange-
ment with the United States from the ben-
efits of which Great Britain and its colonies
should be excluded."The president says that it is not for this
ment to argue against this announce-
ment of Canadian official opinion. "It
must be accepted, however, I think, as
a statement of the condition of the
unbearable barrier in the way of the at-
tainment of that large and beneficial intercourse
and reciprocal trade which might otherwise
be developed between the United States and
the Dominion." From documents accompa-
nying the president's letter it appears that
an effort was made by Blaine and Foster,
at the recent conference, to induce the Cana-
dian ministry to repeal and abandon the
drawback of 18 cents a ton given to wheat,
(grain) that is carried through Canadian canals
to Montreal and shipped therefrom to Amer-
ica. By American railways running
from Ogdensburg and Oswego and other
American ports shippers paid full 20 cents
a ton, while in wheat those by the Cana-
dian route paid only 2 cents. It was understood
that the Canadian ministers, who were all
three members of the cabinet, would see
to the withdrawal of this discrimination
instead of abrogating this drawback the
Canadian ministry, after the return of the
commissioners from their visit to Washing-
ton on April 24th, refused to accept any com-
munication with this government, an or-
der continuing the discrimination, by which
the rebate of 18 cents a ton is allowed upon
grain going to Montreal, and refusing this rebate even
to grain going to Montreal, if
transhipped at an American port.The president is adopting the language
of the solicitor of the treasury department
upon this action of Canada, says that these
orders as to canal tolls and rebates in di-
rect violation of article 27 of the treaty of
1817, seems to be clear. It is wholly eva-
sive to say that there is no discrimination
between Canada and American vessels;
that rebate is carried through to Montreal
or transhipped at a Canadian port to Mon-
treal. The treaty runs to "several ports"
of the United States the use of the
Welland, St. Lawrence and other canals
in the Dominion on terms of equality with
the inhabitants of the Dominion. It was
intended to give consumers in the United
States, to our people engaged in railroad
transportation and to those exporting from
our ports equal terms in shipping goods
through the canal. This absolute
equality of treatment was a considera-
tion for concessions on the part of this gov-
ernment made in the same article fully kept.
It is a matter of regret that the Canadian
government has not responded promptly to
our request for the removal of these dis-
criminating tolls. The papers submitted
show how serious the loss inflicted is upon
our lake vessels and upon some of our lake
ports. In view of the fact that the Cana-
dian commissioners will contest with the
United States the claim that these tolls are
discriminating and insist that they constitute
no violation of the letter or spirit of
article 27 of the treaty, it would seem ap-
propriate that congress, if the view held
by the executive is approved, should with
deliberation and yet with promptness take
such steps as may be necessary to secure
the just rights of our citizens.In view of the delays which have al-
ready taken place in transmitting this to con-
gress I have not felt justified in awaiting fur-
ther communication from the govern-
ment of Canada, which was suggested in
the recent conference. Should any propo-
sition relating to this matter be received, it
will be immediately submitted for the con-
sideration of the senate; and if forwarded
within the time suggested will undoubtedly
anticipate any final action of congress.
Voluminous documents accompanying the
president's letter compose the history of all
negotiations with the British colonies to
the northward of the United States—
reciprocity and canal tolls.CALL ADDRESSES THE SENATE
On His Bill Calling for an Investigation of
Railroad Interference.
Washington, June 20.—The senate was in
session for four and a quarter hours today.
Although the attendance was without excep-
tion the time was given to the consideration
of bills on the calendar, a part to executive
business and the chair called to a special order.
Mr. Call in support of the resolution hereto-
fore offered by him for an investigation of
railroad corporations and their interference
in politics and elections. Senators Chandler
and Gallinger expressed their gratification
that the investigation, if authorized at all,
as they hoped it would be, would take in the
state of New Hampshire, the former asserting
that it would prove that Florida was not
only state where the evil existed,
and the latter expressing the conviction that
it would only prove the falsity of representa-
tions made by certain persons in that
regard. No action was taken on the resolu-
tion and the senate adjourned to Wednesday.In the business transacted that was of gen-
eral interest was the concurrence in the house
amendment to the senate joint resolution au-
thorizing the president to proclaim a general
holiday commemorating the four-hundredth
anniversary of the discovery of America.
It was to substitute the 21st for the 12th of
October.Attacked by Robbers.
Birmingham, Ala., June 20.—(Special.)—
Robbers attacked the office at nine
tonight and murdered the bookkeeper, A. H.
Ross. They shot at the proprietor, but he
escaped through the back door. The robbers
took four or five in number, and came up
while the men were quietly at work. It is not
known how much they secured, but a deputy
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for many months.The annual musical concert is always one
of the most interesting parts of Lucy Cobb
commencement, and this year was one of
unusual brilliancy.
Tonight the chapel was crowded with a
cultured audience and the young ladies
never appeared to a better advantage.
The melody of vocal and instrumental music
filled the air, and lovers of music sat en-
tranced for an hour and a half as the young
ladies rendered the delicate and exquisite
pieces of music.
Tomorrow morning the second division of
the election class will recite, and tomorrow
night the graduation exercises will be held.
Mr. Remond Crawford, of the United States
Constitution, is in the city, and tomorrow night
will deliver a lecture on the subject of "The
Lemonade Stand and the Institute."
Mayor Hemphill is also in attendance upon
commencement, he having declined therefrom to
visit to his daughter, Miss Lulu Belle, who
is one of the Lucy Cobb's most popular young
ladies.
Great interest is centering in the delivery
of the two medals this year—one for the
best essay on current topics, and the other
for the best development in womanly char-
acter. The medals will be given to the
elected medals will also be hotly con-
tested, and the judges will have a hard
time of it when it comes to making
up a decision.

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As the White House Is Now Generally

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Wilson, who was shot in Columbus, was
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sheriffs in the state, and a large number of
deputies and other peace officers, who will at-
tend. Several members of the association have
already arrived, and a large attendance is ex-
pected.

Turner Carries Coffee.

Pearson, Ga., June 20.—(Special.)—Turner
carries coffee county last Saturday by a ma-
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THE SUPREME COURT

Decisions Rendered Monday, June 20, 1932.

REPORTED FOR THE CONSTITUTION

By Peoples and Stevens, Reporters of the Supreme Court of Georgia.

Kalger v. Roberts, ordinary, et al. Elections.

Statutes. County court. Before Judge J. H. Terrell, superior court.

1. A local act for the registration of voters in a given county which declares it unlawful to vote at any election without having first registered, and then proceeds to require registration of voters in that county, is not unconstitutional as to those voters who are already registered.

2. The election in question being one for which no preliminary registration is required, either by the local act or the general law, the provisions of section 568 (1) of the code apply, prescribing that whether or not two-thirds of the qualified voters of the county have voted in favor of the measure proposed, the tally sheets of the last general election shall be taken as a correct enumeration of the qualified voters. This is true notwithstanding the last general election may have been one for which registration was necessary, and notwithstanding the fact that the voters for that election may have been much more numerous than those registered at the same election according to the tally sheets.

3. Under the allegations of the petition, the proposed issue of Terrell county is not violative of the constitution or laws of this state, and no good cause is shown to the contrary. The presiding judge did not err in denying the injunction.

Judgment affirmed.

Hoyl & Parks, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

J. M. Griggs, by J. H. Lumpkin, contra.

Posters, executor, v. Cochran, administrator. Promissory note. State of Georgia. Before Judge Jenkins, superior court.

1. According to the tenor of the promissory note, the defendant is not liable on the note for the sum of \$100.00, but only for the sum of \$50.00, and the statute of limitation will run only from the date of the note.

2. Inasmuch as the plaintiff's authority to execute a promissory note in the name of his principal has been established, the plaintiff is entitled to recover on the note for the sum of \$100.00, and the statute of limitation will run only from the date of the note.

Judgment reversed.

F. C. Foster and H. G. Lewis, for plaintiff in error.

Barrow & Thomas and H. T. Lewis, contra.

The Georgia Railroad & Banking Co. v. Daniel, Railroad. Negligence. Charge of court. Before Judge Jenkins. Morgan, superior court.

1. When a railroad train is run against a man upon the tracks, and the man is injured, it is a criminal violation of a public law by not checking the speed of the train in approaching the crossing, but it is not a matter of law that the engineer has a right to assume, on first seeing the man on the track, that he will get off in time to save himself, and act on that assumption until he discovers, too late to check the train effectively, that the man was not attentive to the danger which threatened him.

2. As failure to check and keep checking the train in approaching the crossing is evidence of negligence for the consideration of the jury, although the person injured was not upon the crossing, but a few feet from it in the direction of the approaching train and using the track as a footway, it would not be appropriate to require the jury to find that the engineer was negligent in not checking the speed of the train for the protection of persons using the track as a footway, but to find that the engineer was negligent in not checking the speed of the train for the protection of persons using the track as a footway.

3. The plaintiff below was bound to use such degree of care for his own protection which every prudent person uses who puts himself unnecessarily in a perilous situation. The evidence at the trial shows that the plaintiff was negligent in not checking the speed of the train for the protection of persons using the track as a footway, and the jury was not bound to find that the plaintiff was negligent in not checking the speed of the train for the protection of persons using the track as a footway.

Judgment reversed, with direction.

B. Cunningham, by briefs and Bryan Cline, for plaintiff in error.

Calvin George, contra.

Tipplin, administrator, v. Brockwell, Master and servant. Contract. Administrator. Before Judge Jenkins. Morgan, superior court.

1. In a suit against an administrator to recover wages for annual services rendered the intestate during several successive years, evidence at the trial showing that there was a special contract between the plaintiff and the deceased fixing the wages for the last year at \$200 would authorize the jury to infer a like contract, not in excess of \$200 per annum, for each preceding year. This being so, it was error to charge the jury that if the services for the year preceding the last were rendered and not paid for, the plaintiff would be entitled to recover for reasonable value. The instruction should have been that the plaintiff was entitled to recover for the value of the services rendered by the intestate, less the wages for the last year as fixed by the special contract.

2. The general rule which puts the burden upon the party alleging payment to prove it, applies to an administrator who is sued for wages rendered by his intestate. Leshie v. Brasher, 104 N. Y. 157; Barbour, Law of Payment, sec. 263, 292.

Judgment reversed.

Posters & Butler, for plaintiff in error.

W. B. McConry, contra.

Whitfield v. Whitfield, Husband and wife. Marriage and divorce. Before Judge Jenkins, Jasper superior court.

Within the meaning of the law of divorce, section 5713, the husband is not bound to support his wife, though she continues to reside in the matrimonial domicile, for her wilful, persistent and unexcused refusal to obey her husband all his conjugal rights with the intention of casting him off as a husband completely and forever.

3. This state of affairs for three years affords cause of divorce on the ground of desertion, and the husband is bound to support his wife, though she continues to reside in the matrimonial domicile, for her wilful, persistent and unexcused refusal to obey her husband all his conjugal rights with the intention of casting him off as a husband completely and forever.

4. The court erred in granting a nonsuit. Judgment reversed.

Freston, Giles & Polhill and W. P. Davis, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

W. B. & S. T. Wingfield, by brief, contra.

The Millerville Steam Laundry Co. v. Go. Practice. Verdict. Before Judge Jenkins. Morgan, superior court.

1. Where it does not appear that the defendant insisted upon the statute of frauds in the trial court, either by plea or objection to evidence, or even by request to instruct the jury, no question on the statute is presented.

2. The verdict was warranted by the evidence, and was not contrary to law. Judgment affirmed.

C. P. Crawford and D. B. Sanford, for plaintiff in error.

Whitfield & Allen, contra.

A Splendid Lamp.

Mr. W. J. Wood, of the Wood & Beaumont Electric and Furniture Company, of this city, has just received a large shipment of a new style lamp. It has named it "The Constitution Lamp," and it is the most beautiful and entirely new, gives a splendid, clear light and has an ornamental design. It is a lamp without a wick and is quite a novelty in this respect. The best part of it is that it is sold at a very low price. Go round and see it. Their large store is on Whitehall street.

FINANCE AND TRADE

By Peoples and Stevens, Reporters of the Supreme Court of Georgia.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement. Clearings total \$4,470,763.

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at 11.40.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STREET AND CITY BONDS

New York 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 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CAMP NORTHERN.

Young Soldiers Continue to Uphold Georgia.

CLOSE OF ANOTHER WEEK.

Accompanied by the Usual Signs of a Week's Work, the Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning.

The regular duties of camp life began at 6 o'clock this morning and everything went on as usual. The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning. The regular duties of camp life began at 6 o'clock this morning and everything went on as usual.

Lieutenant Satterlee's Report.

Lieutenant Satterlee's report: "The target practice in the present troops in camp was very good. The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning. The regular duties of camp life began at 6 o'clock this morning and everything went on as usual."

Notes of the Day.

Adjutant Freeman, of Colonel Levy's staff, is one of the most loved officers in camp. Captain H. B. McMaster, of the Burke Light Infantry, is officer of the day. The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning.

The Work of the Week.

The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning. The regular duties of camp life began at 6 o'clock this morning and everything went on as usual. The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning.

Getting Ready to Leave.

The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning. The regular duties of camp life began at 6 o'clock this morning and everything went on as usual. The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning.

THE FEMALE NORMAL SCHOOL.

The Commencement Exercises Now in Progress. The Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning. The regular duties of camp life began at 6 o'clock this morning and everything went on as usual.

Change of Postoffice Name.

Bremen, Ga., June 20.—(Special.)—A batch of vouchers for crosses that has been lying in the postoffice at Bremen, Wilcox county, a month, came in Saturday, forwarded by request to Bremen, and the Georgia Volunteers closed another week of hard work this morning.

Change of Postoffice Name.

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A NOTABLE ADDRESS.

Which Has Attracted a Great Deal of Attention.

A NEW "YOUNG MAN ELOQUENT."

The Son of General Stephens D. Lee Talks Like His Father Fought—Some of the Things He Says.

Mr. B. H. Lee, a cultured member of the Atlanta bar and a son of General Stephens D. Lee, recently delivered an address which has attracted a great deal of attention. It was on the occasion of the Southern Female college commencement at LaGrange, and some distinguished gentlemen who happened to be present pronounced it one of the finest efforts they had ever heard.

The subject chosen for an address to the young ladies was "Our Southern Women." It was a historical and a speaker's mind led him to speak particularly of the women of the confederacy. There is not space here to present the address, and it is not desirable to synopsize where the diction is exceptionally fine and the selection of ideas excellent, but a few extracts will be read with pleasure.

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YOUR HEALTH.

May depend upon the way you treat the war.

IS IMPORTANT.

He Wants to Add His Name.

"Permit me to add my name to your many other certificates in commendation of the great curative properties contained in Swift's Specific (S. S. S.). It is certainly one of the best tonics I ever used."

TO YOU, SR.

Next Week Inventory

By Reduced Prices.

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY!

Our \$12.50 suits at \$9.90.

Our \$15 suits at \$11.00.

Our \$18 suits at \$13.00.

Our \$20 suits at \$15.00.

Our \$25 suits at \$18.00.

25% Discount

On all Children's Suits.

ESENIA & WEL

One Price Clothiers and Furnishers,

3 Whitehall St.

What wit is to conversation, flavor is to food. Wit, cultivates the discourse, flavor adorns the palate. Wit, not quantity, being the rule for each.

DR. W. W. BOWES!

24 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

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PIT YOUR MONEY

WHERE YOU CAN GET THE

Best Value.

The next thirty days we

will sell our entire spring

and summer stock of light

Wool Suits for men, boys

and children regardless of

cost

You know we do not

keep shoddy or poorly

made clothing but will sell

goods that we guarantee.

Our stock of underwear,

neckwear, plain, fancy

and outing shirts, bathing

suits the best in the city.

From this date we will

give a reduction of 10 per

cent on all suits made in

our Merchant Tailoring

Department.

J. A. ANDERSON CLOTHING CO.

No. 41 Whitehall Street.

In effect Sunday May 29th, 1892.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION)

No. 43, from Mon. No. 36, to Mon.

From Jacksonville 10:30 a.m. To Jacksonville 11:30 a.m.

From Jacksonville 11:30 a.m. To Jacksonville 12:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 12:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 1:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 1:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 2:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 2:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 3:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 3:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 4:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 4:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 5:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 5:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 6:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 6:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 7:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 7:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 8:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 8:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 9:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 9:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 10:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 10:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 11:30 p.m.

From Jacksonville 11:30 p.m. To Jacksonville 12:30 a.m.

From Jacksonville 12:30 a.m. To Jacksonville 1:30 a.m.

From Jacksonville 1:30 a.m. To Jacksonville 2:30 a.m.

From Jacksonville 2:30 a.m. To Jacksonville 3:30 a.m.

From Jacksonville 3:30 a.m. To Jacksonville 4:30 a.m.

From Jacksonville 4:30 a.m. To Jacksonville 5:30 a.m.

MORROW, Sheriff.

smaller encounters.

1. *Chrysomelidae*

1

